RSS Series Panel Mount Solid State Relays

Key features:

- Input status LED Indicator
- Dual SCR output with epoxy free design
- Direct bond copper substrate with direct output lead frame termination
- Internal transient protection built-in snubber
- EMC compliant (level 3)
- 1200 Volt blocking voltage
- 4000 Volt optical isolation
- Zero crossing voltage turn-on
- · High surge capability
- Optional fingersafe cover (RSS-CVR)





UL Recognized File No. E194577







Part Number Selection

Input	Continuous Output Current	Part Number
	10A	RSSAN-10A
AC Input	25A	RSSAN-25A
90-280V AC	50A	RSSAN-50A
	75A	RSSAN-75A
	90A	RSSAN-90A
DC Input 3-32V DC	10A	RSSDN-10A
	25A	RSSDN-25A
	50A	RSSDN-50A
	75A	RSSDN-75A
	90A	RSSDN-90A

Specifications

	Series		RSSDN			RSSAN	
	Voltage Range	3 to 32V DC		90 to 280V AC			
SU	Input Current	current regulated (10mA)					
atio	Pick Up Voltage	3V DC			90V AC		
cific	Drop Out Voltage	1V DC			10V A	С	
Input Specifications	Dielectric Strength (Input-Output-Base)	4000 RMS (min)		4000 RMS (min)			
드	Capacitance (Input to Output)	8pF			8pF		
	Rev. Voltage Protection	Yes (–32V	DC)		N/A		
	Current (continuous)	10A	25A	50/	Ą	75A	90A
	1-Cycle Surge Current	150A	300A	750	A	1000A	1200A
	1-Second Surge Current at 25°C	50A	85A	150	A	225A	300A
	Minimum Holding Current	50mA	50mA	100n	nΑ	100mA	100mA
	Voltage Drop at Rated Current	1.35V (maximum)					
	Voltage Range	48 - 660V AC					
SU	Output	Dual SCR (N.O.)					
atio	Over Voltage Rating	1200 PIV					
cific	Frequency Range	47 to 440Hz					
Spe	Off-State Leakage at Rated Voltage	25mA (maximum)					
Output Specifications	Turn-On Time	1/2 cycle @ 60Hz for zero-cross versions, 20ms for other versions			rother		
	Turn-Off Time	1/2 cycle @ 60Hz for zero-cross versions, 30ms for other versions			rother		
	Zero Voltage Switching	Yes					
	Static DV/DT	200V/µsec					
Commutating DV/DT Snubbed for 0.5 power factor at rated load			load				
	Ambient operating temperature range	-20 to 80°C					
	Weight	82g					

Recommended Loads

Transformer Loads

Transformer loads sometimes result in severe inrush current when the transformer saturates during the first cycle. Use a relay rated for this surge, which has a 1/2 cycle surge current greater than the maximum applied line voltage; the transformer's primary resistance (approximately 10x rated current).

Recommended Loads

SSR Rating	at 120V AC	at 240V AC
10A	500VA	1KVA
25A	1KVA	2KVA
50A	2KVA	4KVA

Heater Loads

When using solid state relays for driving heaters where the load is switched on and off rapidly and continuously, severe thermal stress will result. In such cases, use an SSR relay at no more than 75% of the rating.

Recommended Loads

SSR Rating	at 120V AC	at 240V AC
10A	1KW	2KW
25A	2KW	4KW
50A	3KW	6KW

Solenoid Valves and Contactors

RSS relays use high-noise immunity circuitry with a built-in snubber to handle the electrical noise generated by inductive loads.

Recommended Loads

SSR Rating	at 120V AC	at 240V AC
10A	900W	1,800W
25A	2,100W	4,200W
50A	3,800W	7,500W

RSS series relays provide a highly reliable means of switching AC loads when applied properly. Read the technical notes on the following page prior to installing solid state relays.



UL Motor Load Ratings (HP Ratings)

Part Number	120V	240V	480V
10A	1/2	3/4	3/4
25A	1/2	3/4	3/4
50A	3/4	1 1/2	1 1/2
75A	3/4	5	5
90A	3/4	5	5

Lamp Loads

Zero voltage switching is ideal for driving incandescent lamps, since the cold filament will not be subjected to a large inrush current. Using a zero-switched SSR will reduce inrush current and prolong lamp life.

Relays & Sockets

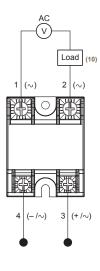
Recommended Loads

SSR Rating	at 120V AC	at 240V AC
10A	1KW	2KW
25A	2KW	4KW
50A	3KW	6KW

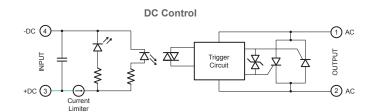
Recommended Wire Sizes

Terminals	Wire Size (Solid/ Stranded)	Wire Pull-Out Strength (lbs) (N)
Input	24 AWG (0.2 mm²) / 0.2 (min)	10 (44.5)
	2 x 12 AWG (3.3 mm²) / 3.3 (max)	90 (400)
Output	20 AWG (0.5 mm²) / 0.518 (min)	3 (133)
	2 x 10 AWG (5.4 mm ²) / 5.4	110 (490)
	2 x 8 AWG (8.4 mm²) / 8.4 (max)	90 (400)

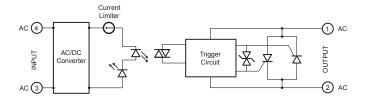
Wiring Diagram



Internal Circuit Block Diagram



AC Control



Timers

Technical Notes

Environment

Do not install SSRs near sources of excessive heat. Make sure applications are dry and well ventilated.

If SSRs must be installed in an environment subject to high temperatures or poor ventilation, or if SSRs are mounted collectively, reduce the load current so that it does **not** approach the ambient temperature-load current recommendation. (See the Temperature Derating Curves on the following page.)

When SSRs are used with inductive loads, suppress the inrush current to half of the peak surge current.

Heat Sinks

Heat sinks are recommended for all solid state relays depending on ambient temperature and mounting position. The recommended heat sink dimensions and material are shown in the table:

Output Rating	Dimensions	Material
10A	12" x 12" x 1/8"	Aluminum (black anodized)
25A	12" x 12" x 1/8" (DC/AC)	Aluminum (black anodized)
25A	15" x 15" x 1/8" (AC/AC)	Aluminum (black anodized)
50A	15" x 15" x 1/8"	Aluminum (black anodized)
75A	17" x 17" x 1/8"	Aluminum (black anodized)
90A	17" x 17" x 1/8"	Aluminum (black anodized)

Using a thermal compound between the base of the SSR and the heat sink for heat dissipation is recommended.

Wiring

Locate SSRs as far from motor leads as possible to prevent malfunction from induced current.

Use shielded wires for input leads when they are exposed to a source of induced current.

Mounting

Provide sufficient ventilation.

Use #6 – 32 screws, flat washers, and lock washers to secure mounting on heat sinks.

Vertical mounting is recommended to allow air to flow unimpeded. Horizontal or inverted mounting is possible, but the SSR must be derated according to the derating curves on the following page.

Additional Information

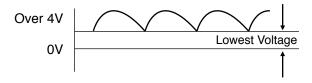
Do not exceed the load voltage and current specifications.

A small-capacity load may not turn off due to the leakage current present after the SSR has turned off. If this is the case, use a resistor in parallel with the load to shunt the leakage current.

Observe the polarity of input terminals. Failure to do so may cause damage to the SSR.

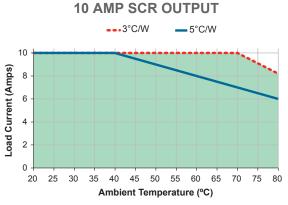
When the SSR output is subjected to a higher than rated voltage, a varistor or other element should be connected to the output terminals to absorb the over-voltage.

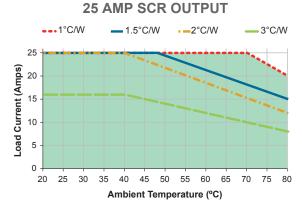
When the input signal contains a ripple voltage, the lowest ripple amplitude should exceed the minimum pick-up voltage of 4V.



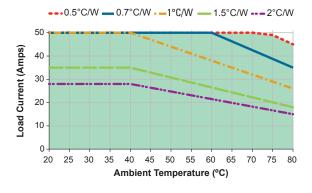


Temperature Derating Curves: RSS Series - Dependent upon heat-sink heat dissipation

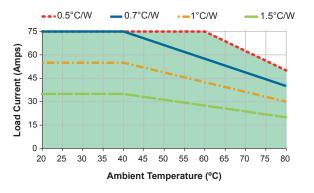




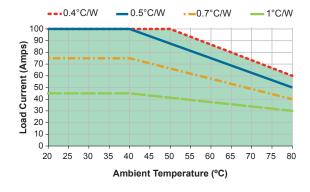
50 AMP SCR OUTPUT



75 AMP SCR OUTPUT

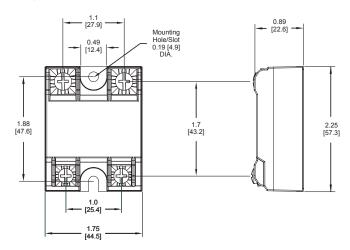


90 AMP SCR OUTPUT

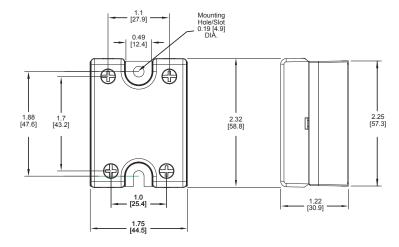


Dimensions (mm)

Relay Dimensions



Finger-safe Cover Dimensions



Tolerances: ±0.02 in / 0.5 mm All dimensions are in: inches [millimeters]